

(C_f) $f(0)=0 : 0 \in D_f$ f : _____ •
 • (O, \vec{i}, \vec{j}) f (C_f) ليكن خاصية 01 •
 • (Oy) (C_f) f
 • O (C_f) f : _____ • 04
 $h(x) = x(2-|x|)$ $g(x) = |x|(2-|x|)$ $f(x) = -x(2+x)$
 (O, \vec{i}, \vec{j}) (C_f) 1
 h g 2
 \mathbb{R}_- x $h(x) = -f(x)$ $g(x) = f(x)$: 3
 (C_f) (O, \vec{i}, \vec{j}) (C_h) (C_g) : _____ -II
 $f(x) = -x^3 + 2x + 1$: _____ -I
 f 1
 \mathbb{R} x $f(x)$ 2
 $(I) : f(x) \geq 0$
 D_f D f : _____ •
 D x $f(x) \geq 0$ D f -
 D x $f(x) \leq 0$ D f -

f : _____ -I
 $(3) : f(x) = x^3 + \frac{1}{1-|x|^3}$ $(2) : f(x) = x^3 - \frac{1}{x^3}$ $(1) : f(x) = x^3 + \frac{1}{x^2}$
 $(5) : f(x) = 3x - |3x - 2| + |3x + 2|$ $(4) : f(x) = 2x^2 - (|x + 3| + |x - 3|)$
 $(7) : f(x) = \sqrt{-x^2 + |x| + 6}$ $(6) : f(x) = \frac{x^3}{x^2 - 2|x| - 3}$
 \mathbb{R}_+ x $f(x) = 3 - 2x$: \mathbb{R} f •
 (O, \vec{i}, \vec{j}) (C_f) 1
 \mathbb{R}_- x $f(x)$ 2
 g : _____ • 03
 $g(x) = \begin{cases} x + 3; & x \leq -1 \\ -2x; & -1 \leq x \leq 0 \end{cases}$
 (O, \vec{i}, \vec{j}) (C_g) 1
 \mathbb{R}_+ x $g(x)$ 2
 D_f x f D_f f : _____ -I
 D_f x $\begin{cases} -x \in D_f \\ f(-x) = f(x) \end{cases}$: _____ •
 D_f x $\begin{cases} -x \in D_f \\ f(-x) = -f(x) \end{cases}$: _____ •

:03 •

$D_f \cap D_g = D$ f, g

$(C_g) \cap (C_f) = (C_f)$ f

:07 •

$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}-1}{x}$: f

$y = \frac{x}{2}$: (D)

:_____ - (3)

:_____ •

$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - \sqrt{3}x}{x^2 + 1}$: f

$\mathbb{R} \quad x \quad -\frac{1}{2} \leq f(x) \leq \frac{3}{2}$:

:_____ •

$D_f \quad x \quad f(x) \leq M$: $M \quad f$

$D_f \quad x \quad f(x) \geq m$: $m \quad f$

:_____ •

$-\frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{3}{2} \quad f : x \mapsto \frac{x^2 - \sqrt{3}x}{x^2 + 1}$: -

0 : 0 -

:04 •

$(C_f) \quad M \quad f$

$y = M$:

$y = m$: $(C_f) \quad m \quad f$

:02 خاصية •

(O, \vec{i}, \vec{j}) f (C_f) ليكن

(C_f) D_f f

(C_f) D_f f

:05 •

$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 6x + 5}{-x^2 + x + 6}$: f

f D_f .1

.2

:_____ - (2)

:_____ •

$D_f \cap D_g = D$ D g, f

$D \quad f \leq g$: $D \quad g$ f

$D \quad f < g$: $D \quad g - f \geq 0$

$D \quad g - f > 0$

:_____ •

(2) : $\begin{cases} f(x) = \frac{x^3 + x^2 - 1}{x^2 - 1} \\ g(x) = x + 1 \end{cases}$ (1) : $\begin{cases} f(x) = -x^2 + x - 1 \\ g(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x - 1 \end{cases}$

:06 •

g, f .1

$g(x) = \frac{(1-5x)^2}{1-2x}$ $f(x) = \frac{1+4x}{(1+6x)^2}$

: $B \quad A$.2

$B = \frac{(0,9999995)^2}{0,9999998}$ $A = \frac{1,0000004}{(1,0000006)^2}$

$T = \frac{\pi}{|a|}$ $f : x \mapsto \tan ax$

$\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ - (2)
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$:07 •

\mathbb{Z} k D_f x f

$$\begin{cases} x+kT \in D_f \\ f(x+kT) = f(x) \end{cases}$$

$k \in \mathbb{Z}^*$ $T_k = kT$

(f) T D_f D_E

$f(x) = \sin(3x)\cos x$: f

$\left[0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$ π f

$\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ -IV
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$: (1)
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$:09 •

\mathbb{R} g f

$g(x) = -x^2 + x + 6$ $f(x) = 4x^2 - 12x + 5$

g f

\mathbb{R} f

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1-x; x \leq -1 \\ x+3; -1 \leq x \leq 2 \\ -2x+9; x \geq 2 \end{cases}$$

f (O, \vec{i}, \vec{j}) (C_f)

α f

D_f x $|f(x)| \leq \alpha$

\mathbb{R} g f

$g(x) = \frac{x^2 - 4x}{x^2 + 4}$ $f(x) = \frac{2x}{x^2 + 4}$

\mathbb{R} x $|f(x)| \leq \frac{1}{2}$: .1

(Oy) (C_g) g .2

$\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ -III
 $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$: (1)

T D_f f

T T f

D_f x

$$\begin{cases} x+T \in D_f; x-T \in D_f \\ f(x+T) = f(x) = f(x-T) \end{cases}$$

$\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ •

\mathbb{Z} k \mathbb{R} x

$$\begin{cases} \cos(x+2k\pi) = \cos x \\ \sin(x+2k\pi) = \sin x \end{cases}$$

$T = 2\pi$ $\sin : x \mapsto \sin x$ $\cos : x \mapsto \cos x$

\mathbb{Z} k $\mathbb{R} - \left\{ \frac{\pi}{2} + n\pi / n \in \mathbb{Z} \right\}$ x $\tan(x+k\pi) = \tan x$: -

$T = \pi$ $\tan : x \mapsto \tan x$

\mathbb{R}^* a -

$T = \frac{2\pi}{|a|}$ $v : x \mapsto \sin ax$ $u : x \mapsto \cos ax$

: _____ - (2)

D_f I D_f f

$\frac{f(x)-f(y)}{x-y} > 0 : x \neq y$ I y x

$\frac{f(x)-f(y)}{x-y} < 0 : x \neq y$ I y x

$a \in \mathbb{R}^*$ ax^2+bx+c

$f(x) = ax^2+bx+c : \mathbb{R}$ x

$\frac{f(x)-f(y)}{x-y} = a(x+y)+b : x \neq y$ \mathbb{R} y x

$[-\frac{b}{2a}, +\infty[$ f $a > 0$

$]-\infty, -\frac{b}{2a}]$ f

x	$-\infty$	$-\frac{b}{2a}$	$+\infty$
f			

$]-\infty, -\frac{b}{2a}]$ f $a < 0$

$[-\frac{b}{2a}, +\infty[$ f

: _____ - (2)

D_f x_0 D_f f

$x_0 \in I$ I x $f(x) \geq f(x_0)$

$x_0 \in I$ I x $f(x) \leq f(x_0)$

$(D_f$ x $f(x) \geq f(x_0)$ $)$

$(D_f$ x $f(x) \leq f(x_0)$ $)$

$f(x) = x^2 - 3|x| : \mathbb{R}$ f

\mathbb{R}_+ f \mathbb{R}_- f \mathbb{R}_+ f

$g(x) = x(4-|x|) : \mathbb{R}$ g

g g

$h(x) = x^3 - 6x : \mathbb{R}$ h

$\frac{f(x)-f(y)}{x-y} = x^2+xy+y^2-6$

h

: _____ -VI

: _____ - (1

: _____ •

• D_f I D_f f

• $f(I)$ f I $\{f(x)/x \in I\}$

• $f(I) = \{f(x)/x \in I\}$:

: _____ •

• $f(x) = x^2$ f

• $f([-3,2]) = [0,9]$ $f([-4,-1]) = [1,16[$ $f([\sqrt{2},\sqrt{13}[) = [2,13[$

:14 _____ •

• $g(x) = \frac{x}{x+2}$ $f(x) = x^2 - 2x$: g f

• f $K = [0,2]$ $J = [-1,1]$ $I = [1,3]$: .1

$K =]-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}[$ $J =]0,4[$ $I = [-4,-3[$: .2

$I = [1,3]$ (C_f) : .3

• f $K = [0,2]$ $J = [-1,1]$

$I = [-4,-3[$ (C_g) : .4

• g $K =]-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}[$ $J =]0,4[$

: _____ - (2

: _____ •

• $f(I) \subseteq J$ J I g f

• I x $h(x) = g[f(x)]$

x	$-\infty$	$-\frac{b}{2a}$	$+\infty$
f			

: $(a,b) \neq (0,0)$ $c \in \mathbb{R}^*$ $\frac{ax+b}{cx+d}$ _____ •

• $g(x) = \frac{ax+b}{cx+d}$: $\mathbb{R} - \left\{-\frac{d}{c}\right\}$ x

: $x \neq y$ $\mathbb{R} - \left\{-\frac{d}{c}\right\}$ y x

• $\frac{g(x)-g(y)}{x-y} = \frac{\begin{vmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{vmatrix}}{c^2 \left(x + \frac{d}{c}\right) \left(y + \frac{d}{c}\right)}$

g $\left] -\frac{d}{c}, +\infty[$ $\left] -\infty, -\frac{d}{c}[$

: $\delta = \begin{vmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{vmatrix}$

• $\left] -\frac{d}{c}, +\infty[$ $\left] -\infty, -\frac{d}{c}[$ g $\delta = 0$

• $\left] -\frac{d}{c}, +\infty[$ $\left] -\infty, -\frac{d}{c}[$ g $\delta < 0$

• $\left] -\frac{d}{c}, +\infty[$ $\left] -\infty, -\frac{d}{c}[$ g $\delta > 0$

: _____ •

$I \quad g \circ f \quad f \quad J$
 $I \quad g \circ f \quad f \quad J$
 g
 g
 : _____ •

$h(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 + 2x} : \quad h$
 $g(x) = \frac{1}{x} \quad f(x) = x^2 + 2x : \quad h = g \circ f :$

$f \quad h = g \circ f \quad]0, +\infty[\quad]-\infty, 0[\quad g$
 $D_h = \mathbb{R} - \{-2, 0\} \quad I$
 $: f \quad h$

x	$-\infty$	-2	-1	0	$+\infty$
h	↗		↖	↘	

:15 _____ •

$h(x) = \frac{4x-1}{x^2} \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{x} : \quad h \quad f$
 $h = g \circ f : \quad g \quad f \quad .1$
 $h \quad g \quad f \quad .2$
 $\left[\frac{1}{2}, +\infty[\quad \left] 0, \frac{1}{2} \right] \quad]-\infty, 0[: \right.$

:16 _____ •

$f(x) = -x^2 + x + 6 : \quad \mathbb{R} \quad f \quad .1$
 $f \circ f \quad f(x) \geq \frac{1}{2} : \quad \mathbb{R} \quad .2$

: _____ •

$g \circ f \quad h$

$g \circ f : \begin{cases} I \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \\ x \mapsto g \circ f(x) = g[f(x)] \end{cases}$

: _____ •

$g(x) = x^2 + 2x \quad f(x) = x^2 - 2x : \quad g \quad f$
 $f \circ g \quad g \circ f \quad \mathbb{R} \quad x \quad f \circ g(x) \quad g \circ f(x) \quad .1$
 $\mathbb{R} \quad x \quad g \circ g(x) \quad f \circ f(x) \quad .2$

: _____ •

$g \circ f \neq f \circ g :$
 $: \quad D_g \quad D_f \quad g \quad f$
 $D_{g \circ f} = \{x \in D_f / f(x) \in D_g\}$

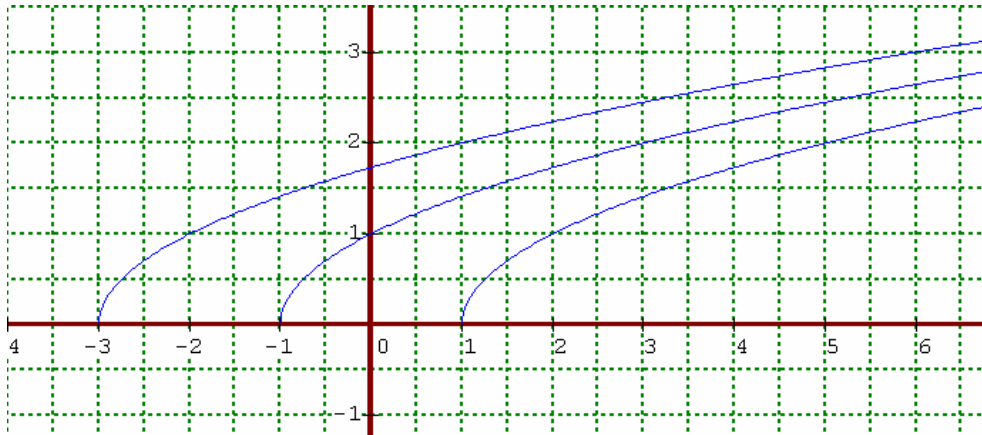
$g \circ f : \begin{cases} D_{g \circ f} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \\ x \mapsto g \circ f(x) = g[f(x)] \end{cases}$

: _____ •

$g(x) = \sqrt{x-6} \quad f(x) = x^2 + x : \quad g \quad f$
 $D_{f \circ g} \quad D_{g \circ f} \quad .1$
 $D_{f \circ g} \quad x \quad f \circ g(x) \quad D_{g \circ f} \quad x \quad g \circ f(x)$
 $D_{(g \circ f) \circ (f \circ g)} \quad D_{(g \circ f) \circ f} \quad D_{(g \circ f) \circ g} \quad D_{g \circ g} \quad .2$
 $: \quad \text{_____} \quad - (3)$
 $:08 \quad \bullet$

$f(I) \subseteq J : \quad J \quad I \quad g \quad f$
 $g \circ f \quad J \quad I \quad g \quad f \quad -$
 $g \circ f \quad J \quad I \quad g \quad f \quad -$
 $I \quad I$

$(C_3) \quad (C_1) \quad (C_{-1}) : \quad (O, \vec{i}, \vec{j})$



$f_a(x) = ax^3 : \quad \mathbb{R} \quad a \in \mathbb{R}^* \quad x \mapsto ax^3 \quad \mathbb{R} \quad a \quad (2)$

$(O, \vec{i}, \vec{j}) \quad (C_a)$
 $f_a \quad O \quad (C_a)$
 $: \quad x \neq y \quad \mathbb{R} \quad y \quad x$

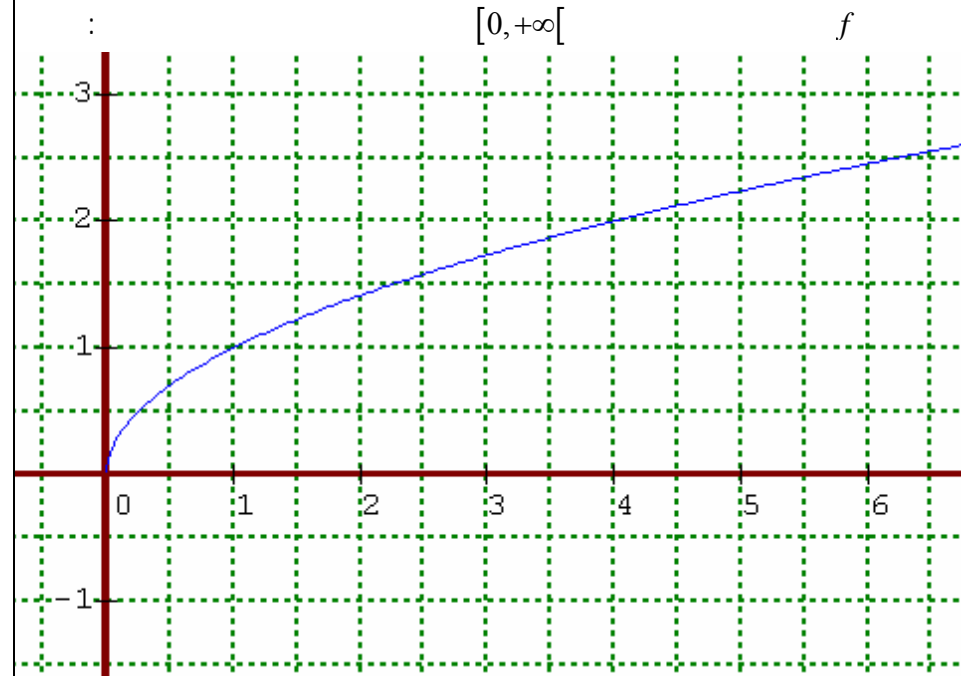
$\frac{f_a(x) - f_a(y)}{x - y} = a(x^2 + xy + y^2)$

$: \quad a \quad f_a \quad \mathbb{R}_+ \quad \bullet$
 $\mathbb{R}_- \quad \mathbb{R}_+ \quad f_a \quad \bullet$
 $: \quad a < 0 \quad \bullet$
 $\mathbb{R}_- \quad \mathbb{R}_+ \quad f_a$
 $\mathbb{R} \quad f_a$

$: x \mapsto E(x) \quad x \mapsto ax^3 \quad x \mapsto \sqrt{x+a} \quad \text{---VII}$

$: a \in \mathbb{R} \quad x \mapsto \sqrt{x+a} \quad \text{---(1)}$

$(C_0) \quad f : x \mapsto \sqrt{x}$
 $\frac{f(x) - f(y)}{x - y} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y}} > 0 : \quad x \neq y \quad [0, +\infty[\quad y \quad x$



$(C_a) \quad f_a : x \mapsto \sqrt{x+a} \quad \mathbb{R}^* \quad a$

(O, \vec{i}, \vec{j})

$D_{f_a} = [-a, +\infty[$

$\vec{u} = -a\vec{i} \quad t_a \quad t_a(C_0) = (C_a) :$

$[-a, +\infty[\quad f_a$

$$f : x \mapsto E(x) \quad (3)$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R} \quad E(x) = k \quad (k \leq x < k+1 \quad k \in \mathbb{Z})$$

$$E(x) = 2 : [2, 3[$$

$$E(x) = k : [k, k+1[\quad k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$$

$$x \mapsto k / k \leq x < k+1$$

$$k \in \mathbb{Z} \quad I_k = [k, k+1[$$

$$0 \leq r < 1 \quad x = E(x) + r$$

$$E(x+p) = E(x) + p$$

$$E(x+y) = E(x) + E(y) + \varepsilon$$

$$\varepsilon = 1 \quad \varepsilon = 0$$

$$\varepsilon = 0 \quad \varepsilon = -1$$

$$E(x-y) = E(x) - E(y) + \varepsilon$$

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